Physics 105

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Chapter -8-

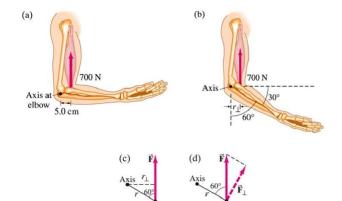
(Rotational Motion)

❖ Section (8.4): Torque

- Torque: Is a measure of <u>how much</u> a force acting on an object <u>causes</u> that object to rotate **OR** It is the ability to cause rotation <u>about an axis</u> is a <u>vector quantity</u>.
- Note: The rotation axis **passes** through the hinge and is *perpendicular* to the plane of the page.

$$\vec{\tau} = r F \sin \theta$$

- \vec{r} : A vector that extends from point "O" to the point of application of the force.
- $ightharpoonup \vec{F}$: Causes the rod to rotate about point "O" in a counter clock wise direction.
- \triangleright θ : Smaller angel between \vec{r} and \vec{F} when both vectors originate from the same point.
- When $\vec{\tau} = 0$?
 - \triangleright If $\theta = 0^{\circ}$
 - \triangleright If $\theta = 180^{\circ}$
 - ightharpoonup If r=0
- When $\vec{\tau}$ = Max value?
 - \triangleright If $\theta = 90^{\circ}$
- **Convention** for the <u>sign</u> of *torque*
 - I. Counter clock wise rotation → positive torque (F causes the rod to rotate in counter clock wise direction)
 - II. Clock wise rotation → negative torque.(F causes the rod to rotate in clock wise direction)
 - Torque is involved in so many activities of our body, for example:
 - > Raising and lowering your fore arm.
 - > Raising and lowering your arm.
 - Moving your lower Jaw while speaking.
 - ➤ Motion of your fingers.
 - ✓ *Example:* The biceps muscle exerts a vertical force on the lower arm, bent as shown in Figs. For each case, calculate the torque about the axis of rotation through the elbow joint, assuming the muscle is attached 5.0 cm from the elbow mass equal 1.5kg
 - ✓ Solution:
 - (a) $\vec{\tau} = r F \sin 90^{\circ}$ (where F = 700 N). = (0.05) * (700) * 1= 35 m. N
 - (b) $\vec{\tau} = r T \sin 60^{\circ}$ = (0.05) * (700) * (0.866)= 30 m. N





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